## Alabama Medicaid Pharmacy Morphine Milligram Equivalents (MME) Cumulative Daily Override

FAX: (800) 748-0116 Fax or Mail to P.O. Box 3570 Phone: (800) 748-0130 KEPRO Auburn, AL 36831-3210

	PATIENT INFORMATION			
Patient Name	Patient Medicaid #	Patient Medicaid #		
Patient DOB	Patient phone # with area code	Patient phone # with area code		
	PRESCRIBER INFORMATION			
	NPI #License #			
Phone # with area code	Fax # with area code			
Address (Optional)				
that this treatment is indicate	ged the patient cash for this office visit or for the treatment of this patient's pain manded and necessary and meets the guidelines for use as outlined by the Alabama Medial within this request is accurate. I will be supervising the patient's treatment. Supported.	caid Age	ncy. I attest	
	Prescribing Provider Signature Date			
	DRUG/CLINICAL INFORMATION			
	StrengthDrug Code			
Quantity Requested	Days' Supply for Quantity Requested Date of Last Urine Drug Sc	reen		
Diagnosis/Specific Descript	tion of Pain/Medical Justification			
Has the prescriber rev	s Below (check yes or no): viewed the patient's PDMP within the past 30 days prior to prescribing the	Yes	No	
requested medication				
Has the patient been of naloxone*?	educated on being a candidate to carry naloxone* and/or prescribed			
while on the requeste	as the patient been counseled on the risk of being/ becoming pregnant d medication, including the risk of neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS)?			
	unseled the patient on the risk of concurrent use of the requested odiazepines, sedative/hypnotics, or barbiturates?			
Does the patient curre asthma, or hypercarb	ently suffer from respiratory depression, acute or severe bronchial ia?			
^General pain diagnoses will n	not be approved			
should evaluate risk factors for including considering offering r use disorder, higher opioid dos	cribing Opioids for Chronic Pain, before starting and periodically during continuation of opior opioid-related harms. Clinicians should incorporate into the management plan strategies to naloxone when factors that increase risk for opioid overdose, such as history of overdose, hards (≥50 MME/day), or concurrent benzodiazepine use, are present.  65/rr/rr6501e1.htm?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fmmwr%2Fvolumes%2F65%2Frr%.	o mitigate history of	risk, substance	
	DISPENSING PHARMACY INFORMATION			
	May Be Completed by Pharmacy			
Dispensing pharmacy	NPI #			
Phone # with area code	Fax # with area code			