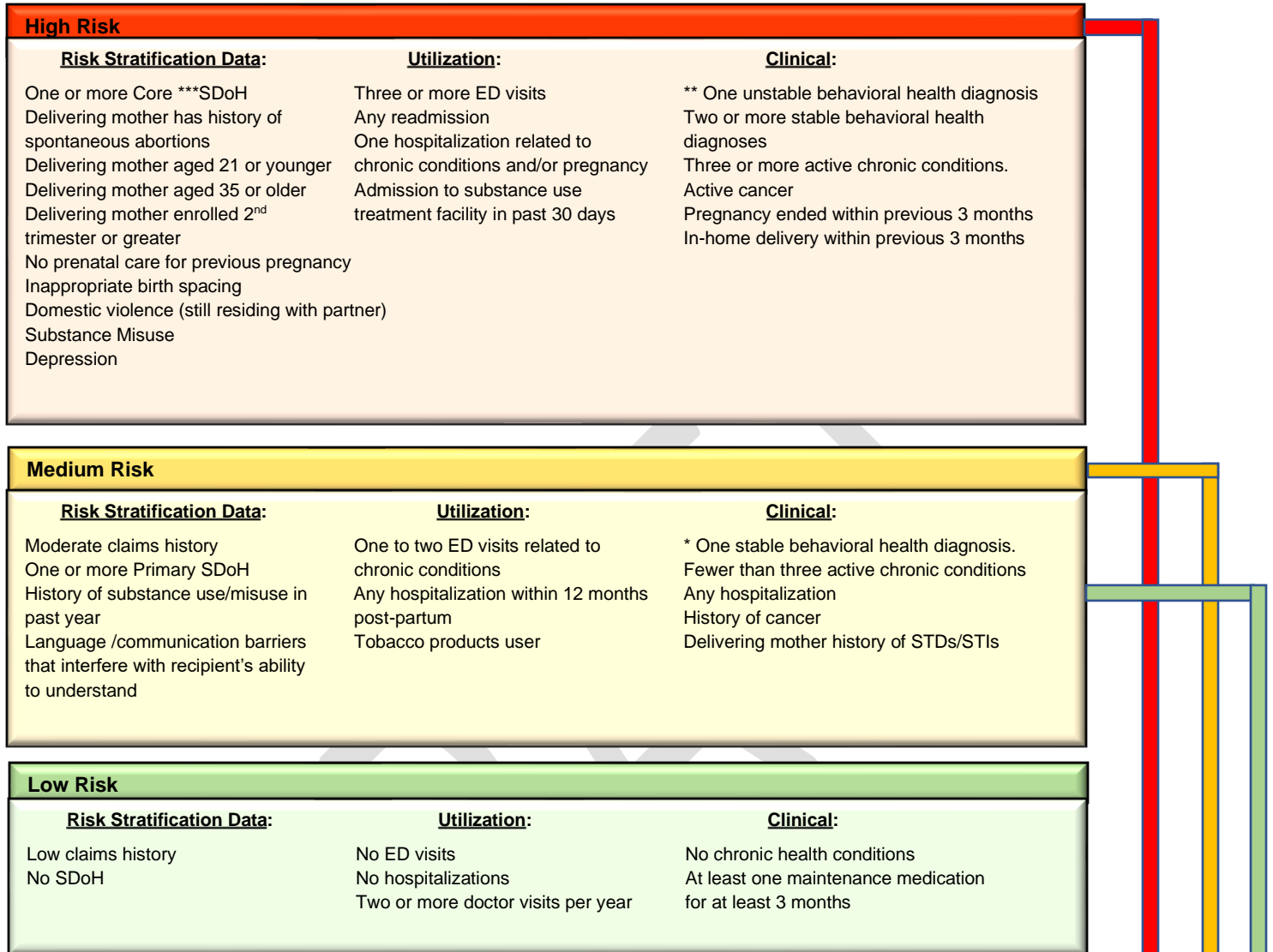


ACHN RISK-STRATIFICATION ALGORITHM – GENERAL

Step 1: Use the following criteria to risk stratify the recipient (**Within the most recent 90 days at least two per risk level needed**)



Step 2: Use objective and subjective data to assign a risk-stratification level for the recipient. Clinical judgement and subjective data must be thoroughly documented in HIMS.

Key	
*Stable Behavioral Diagnoses:	Includes medication adherence, no mental health crisis episodes in past 3 mos.
**Unstable Behavioral Diagnoses:	Includes medication non-compliance, 1 missed refill within 3 mos. period, Patient admission of missed medication for 3 or more consecutive days, behavioral changes (missed work/tardiness), mental health crisis in past 3 mos.
Claims History Thresholds:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant Claims History • Moderate Claims History • Low Claims History 	Is 1% to 6% of the ACHN-eligible population in terms of cost. Is 7% to 13% of the ACHN-eligible population in terms of cost. Is 14% to 20% of the ACHN-eligible population in terms of cost.
***SDoH	Is the abbreviation for Social Determinant of Health.
	The four Agency-recognized Core SDoHs and their ICD-10 Z-Codes are:
Z59.41	Food Insecurity (no food or insufficient supply of food)
Z59.0	Housing Instability (specifically homeless)
Z59.82	Lack of Transportation (no private owned transportation or access to public transit)
Z69.11	Interpersonal Violence (domestic violence) (currently living in an unsafe environment and subjected to partner violence)